

# The Caledonian

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH,

## THEATRE-ROYAL.

Mr. KING'S NIGHT.  
Being the Last Night but One of his Engagement.

On WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1789, will be presented,  
A COMEDY, called, The

## SUSPICIOUS HUSBAND.

Ranger, — Mr. KING;  
Strickland, — Mr. WILLIAMSON;  
Jack Meggot, — Mr. ARCHER;  
Tetter, — Mr. MOSS;  
And Frankly, — Mrs. WOODS;  
Mrs. Strickland, — Mrs. W. WELLS;  
Jacintha, — Mrs. BARRESFORD.  
End of Act III. Mr. KING will repeat an irregular, profane, poetical farce-comic.

P A R A P H R A S E  
Of Shakespeare's Seven Ages,  
Written by the late G. A. Stevens.

To which will be added a FARCE, called,  
B O N T O N,  
Sir John Trotley, — Mr. KING,  
Who, by particular desire, will speak the Original Prologue.

And Dary, — Mrs. MOSS;  
Lady Minkin, — Mrs. W. WELLS;  
And Miss Titrop, — Mrs. BARRESFORD.

Tickets to be had of Mr. KING, Shakespeare Square, and of Mr. GIBB, at the office of the Theatre, where places in the boxes may be taken.

S. CECILIA'S HALL.  
SIGNIOR NATALE CORRI'S CONCERT.  
On Tuesday April 21, 1789.

(By desire of the Pupils)  
Will be performed

A C O N C E R T  
OF VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

ACT I.  
Overture—composed by CLEMENTI; but never performed here.

Notturno—by Signor URBANI, and Signor N. CORRI.  
Composed by Signor URBANI.

Quintetto instrumental—PLEVEL.

Overture—HAYDN.

Song Carl Fischi—by Mr. URBANI; composed by SARTI.  
Never performed before.

Solo Violoncello—Mr. SCHETKOVSKY.  
Song, Reudio, Cato—by Signor N. CORRI;  
Composed by SARTI.

ACT II.  
Overture—M. CARLINE;

Composed by BERTONI;—never performed before.  
New Violin Concerto—by Signor STABILINI;  
Composed by PLEYEL.—never performed before.

Two—M. CARLINE, Mr. URBANI and N. CORRI.  
Composed by SARTI.—never performed before.

New Overture—CUZLUCHI;—never performed before.

Tickets, 3 s. to be had at Mr. N. CORRI's house, No. 2, St. Andrew's Street, and at all the Music Shops.

**SHEETINGS, TABLE NAPERY, &c.**

FORRESTERS AND COMPANY, at the Russian Warehouse, south side of the Cross, Edinburgh, have now on hand an excellent assortment of

Russia Sheetings, Scots and Irish ditto.

Variety of Table Napery.

Scots and Irish Linens.

Scots and French Cambricks.

Diapers and Hangbags.

Wine Rubbers, all kinds.

Manchester Counterpanes.

Printed Linens, from 1 s. to 1 s. 6 d. per yard.

N. B. They have also for Sale a few Casks of very Good DANZICK HONEY at 2 s. 9 d. per pint.

The Ruffia Soap amongst other qualities is remarkably pleasant to shave with.

**SALE OF**

**ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.**

To be SOLD by auction, at Pitlochry, in the parish of Strathmiglo, and thre of Fife, on Monday the 20th day of April 1789, and seven following days, Sunday excepted, beginning each day at half past ten o'clock forenoon.

THE elegant and valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

a capital assortment of Bed and Table Linens, Silver Plate, Glass, Table and Tea China, some fine Prints, and a large stock of Wines, which all belonged to the late Lieutenant General Robert and Major General Philip Skene.

To be viewed on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday preceding the sale, from eleven to three o'clock.

Catalogues, one Shilling each, which will be allowed to purchasers, may be had of Mr. David Walker, merchant in Strathmiglo, Robert Stark, writer in Cupar, and of William Bruce, upholsterer and auctioneer, High Street, Edinburgh.

No person to be admitted without a catalogue.

**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.**

To be SOLD by auction, on Thursday the 16th current, in a Lodging, third floor, east entry of James's Court, Edinburgh.

SEVERAL sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, viz.

Dining Room, Drawing Room, Bed Chamber, and Kitchen Furniture; amongst which is a new neat large Wainscot Book Case with glazed doors, and Cloths Profess below, with other conveniences, well adapted for any Gentleman of the law.

To begin precisely at eleven o'clock forenoon, and to be sold for ready money only.

To be seen on Wednesday preceding the sale, from twelve to three o'clock.

**TO BE LET,**

And entered to at Whitsunday next,

**THAT BREWERY and MALT BARN**

in the Potterrow, near the entry by Hay's Street into Nicolson's Square, as presently possessed by George Home, brewer.

Apply to James Thomson, writer to the signet, Hanover Street.

**TO BE LET,**

And entered to at Whitsunday,

**THE DWELLING-HOUSE**, being the fourth storey of Fisher's Land, Lawn-market, presently possessed by Miss Seaton, consisting of seven fire rooms, besides kitchen, closets, and other conveniences, with garret and cellar.

Apply to Mr. Coupar upholsterer, opposite Blackfriars Wynd.

The

# Mercury. No. 10,547.

MONDAY, APRIL 13. 1789.

## PREMIUMS On Linen and Woolen Cloth, Silk, &c.

Trustees Office, Edinburgh, April 9, 1789.

THE Commissioners and Trustees for Fisheries, Manufactures, and Improvements in Scotland, having seen given for several years past, upon goods lodged for competition at the public Linen Hall in this city, have resolved to give the following Premiums for this year upon the articles mentioned, to be lodged in the Hall, on or before the 4th of January 1790, after which the preferences will be determined by proper Judges to be appointed by the Trustees.

ACT.

1. For the best 20 pieces of stout yard wide Linen fit for haiting, four pieces of a fath, from 70 to 100 on a scale of 40 inches, to be made of yarn spun from Scots flax.

For the second best 20 pieces ditto.

2. For the best 20 pieces of about 7-8ths wide ditto, assorted and made as above.

For the second best 20 pieces ditto.

3. For the best 20 pieces of 9-8ths wide unbleached Sheetings, each piece to be 4 yards long, made of well-prepared yarn of an equal colour, in imitation of the Russian, 10 pieces of a fath, 200 and 300 warp on the breadth, and the yarn to be spun from Scots flax.

For the second best 20 pieces ditto.

4. For the best suit of Damask Linen, both with regard to the quality and elegance of pattern, of a 1400, the pattern to be new.

5. For the best suit of an 1800, as above.

6. For the best three suits of Diaper Linen of an 1800, both with regard to the quality of the cloth, and the elegance of the patterns, each suit to be of a different pattern, and one of them to be new.

7. For the best three suits of Diaper, of a 1500, as above.

8. For the best 20 pieces of 3-4ths wide bleached Hackabuck, four pieces of a fath, from 600 to 1000 warp inclusive, each piece not to be under 24 yards in length.

9. For the best 20 pieces of Hessian (or Hellins) Canvas fine pack-fletching, in imitation of the German, each piece to be about 70 yards in length, and 40 inches in breadth.

10. For the best eight pieces of Carpetting, 27 inches wide, and 6 ft under, and each piece to be 21 yards long, in imitation of the Wilton in regard to the fabric, the colours, and the elegance of the patterns, and at least two different patterns: And to foil the carpeting, two pieces of bordering of the necessary length, and of the foreaid breadth, and two borders to be contained in the breadth.

11. For the second best 20 pieces ditto ditto.

12. For the best six pieces of Scots Carpeting, with regard to the fabric, the colours, and the elegance of the patterns, two pieces each of one pattern.

13. For the best eight pieces of Scotch Carpeting, each piece to be 20 yards in length, and not exceeding 1s. per yard in value.

14. For the best two dozen Blankets, in imitation of the English, each Blanket to be two 1-8ths yard wide, and two 5-8ths yards long fully, and not exceeding 11s. per Blanket in value.

15. For the best ten pieces of Honors Cloth, each piece not to be under 25 yards long and 7-8ths broad, and not exceeding 4s. 6d. per yard in value.

16. For the second best ten pieces ditto.

17. For the best eight pieces of dressed Woolen Cloth, each piece not to be under 20 yards long and 3-4ths broad, and not exceeding 3s. per yard in value.

18. For the second best eight pieces ditto.

19. For the best eight pieces of Flannel, in imitation of the Welsh Manufacture, each piece not to be under 45 yards in length, and 7-8ths in breadth, and not exceeding 1s. 8d. per yard in value.

20. For the best eight pieces common white Woollen Flannel, 7-8ths wide, each piece not under 1s. 10d. per yard in value.

21. For the best eight pieces ditto.

22. For the best eight pieces of dressed Woolen Cloth, of the same length and breadth with the preceding article, and not exceeding 2s. per yard in value.

23. For the best eight pieces of Flannel, in imitation of the Welsh Manufacture, each piece containing seven handkerchiefs, and each handkerchief to be a yard square, and not to exceed 5 s. in value.

24. For the best six pieces common white Woollen Flannel, 7-8ths wide, each piece not under 1s. 10d. per yard in value.

25. For the best twelve Vests Shapes of rich Tissue Sattin, of different patterns, with regard both to the quality of the cloth, and elegance of the patterns, not exceeding 2s. each in value.

26. The nine preceding articles to be manufactured entirely of Scots Wool, and, except the last two, all dyed of various colours; and the whole to be dressed in the wool, the Carpets, Baize, Blankets, and Flannels excepted.

27. For the best twelve pieces coloured Silk Handkerchiefs of different patterns, the one half in imitation of the Indian, and the other half in imitation of the Barcelona kind, with regard both to the fabric and the neatness of the patterns, each piece containing seven handkerchiefs, and each handkerchief to be a yard square, and not to exceed 5 s. in value.

28. For the best twelve Vests Shapes of rich Tissue Sattin, of different patterns, with regard both to the quality of the cloth, and elegance of the patterns, not exceeding 2s. each in value.

29. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

30. For the second best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

31. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

32. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

33. For the best three dozen Stockings, of different colours, both with regard to quality and elegance of patterns, in imitation of the English patent, and of a full size for men—one dozen to be of Silk, and not to exceed 5 s. per pair—one dozen Worsted not to exceed 5 s. 9 d.—and one dozen Cotton not to exceed 5 s. 6 d. per pair.

34. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

35. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

36. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

37. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

38. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

39. For the best twelve pieces of Corduroys, Velvets, and Thicksets, different colours, four pieces of each, the one half tweed, and the other half plain, each piece not to be under 2s. 6d. per yard in length, and 9 inches broad; some tweed and thicksets of an excellent kind, and which will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girdles, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and plough

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, April 9.

Westminster, April 8.

THIS day the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by Sir Francis Molvex, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that "The Lords, "authorised by virtue of his Majesty's commission, "for declaring his royal assent to several acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of this Honourable House in the House of Peers, to hear the commission read;" and the Commons being come thither, the said commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and the Lord Sydney, to declare and notify the Royal assent to the said acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal assent given to.

An act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain duties upon malt, must, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1789.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1789.

To seven other public, and to five private bills.

Dublin Castle, March 28. 1789.

Letters patent have been passed under the Great Seal of this kingdom, for the promotion of the Reverend Euseby Cleaver, Doctor of Divinity, to the Bishopric of Cork and Ross, vacant by the death of the Right Reverend Doctor Isaac Mann, late Bishop thereof.

This Gazette contains Addresses to the King from the States of the Island of Guernsey—County of Stafford—County of Leicestershire—County of Huntingdon—Clergy of the Diocese of Peterborough—President and Fellows of Sion College—Royal College of Physicians in London—Society for the Encouragement of Arts, &c.—Officers of the Dock Yard, &c. Portsmouth—Inhabitants of Portsmouth, Portmouth Common, and Portsea—Grand Jury of Somerset—County of Norfolk—County of Oxford—County of Lancashire—County of Salop—County of Bedford—Borough of Bedford—Inhabitants of Bath—City of Durham—Inhabitants of Durham—City of Chichester—County of Argyll—County of Dumfries—Town of Kingston upon Hull—Town of Guildford—Town of Beverley—Inhabitants of Beverley—Borough of St Albans—Town of Haverfordwest—Town of Tiverton—Borough of Dorchester—Borough of Petersfield—Borough of Hellifield—Inhabitants of Hellifield—Manufacturers of Earthen Ware in Staffordshire—Potters of Staffordshire—Borough of Totnes—Borough of Penrith—Town and Part of Dover—County of Peebles—Town Council of Forres—Burgess of Perth—Traders of Perth—County of Forfar—Burgess of Forres—Borough of Kirkcudbright—Parish of Saddleworth—Grand Jury of Longford—Grand Jury of Tipperary—Grand Jury of Westmeath—City of Londonderry.—Also to the Queen from the Dean and Chapter of St Peter's Church, Westminster—President and Fellows of Sion College—Society for the Encouragement of Arts, &c.—Royal College of Physicians of London—Society of Lincoln's Inn—County of Norfolk—County of Oxford—County of Bedford—Borough of Bedford—County of Stafford—County of Leicestershire—County of Huntingdon—Officers of Staffordshire—Borough of Beverley—Town of Kingston upon Hull—Town of Haverfordwest.]

LLOYD'S LIST.—April 10.

THE North Briton, from Wales to London, struck on a sunken rock in attempting to make Scilly, and is much damaged; the cargo mostly landed.

The James and Mary, Higgins, from London to Liverpool, sprang a leak off Scilly, and put in there to make and repair.

The Judas, or Countess de Chambes, Capt. Eve, from Bengal, was well at the Mincing-lane.

Lisbon, 1. Due—Iceland, 2.

P A R L I A M E N T.

H O U S E O F L O R D S.

WEDNESDAY, April 8.

The Royal assent was given by commission to the land and malt tax, and to several private bills. The Commissioners present were the Lord Chancellor, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Lord Sydney.

The Earl of Salisbury delivered a message from the King, that, on the 23d of April, the day appointed for a day of thanksgiving, it was his Majesty's desire to go in state to St Paul's Church, attended by the two Houses of Parliament, to return thanks to Almighty God for his Majesty's recovery.

Ordered, That thanks be returned to his Majesty for his most gracious message.

Ordered, That the Lord High Chamberlain do prepare proper accommodations for the Peers at St Paul's, and that he be summoned to attend on Monday the 20th instant, and report to their Lordships the state of the same.

Lord John Townshend brought up from the Commons the bill for the repeal of the shop-tax.

Adjourning to Monday se'nnight.

H O U S E O F C O M M O N S.

WEDNESDAY, April 8.

The House being returned from attending his Majesty's commission in the House of Peers,

Mr Rolle brought in a bill for the more effectual relief of the poor, the purport of which was to extend the sanction of the legislature to such societies as have been or may be formed in different places by persons of the lower class for mutual assistance and relief.

The bill for the repeal of the shop tax was read a third time, and passed.

Mr Mairwaring moved to discharge the order of the day, for taking into consideration the petitions against the slave trade on the 23d, and to make a new order for taking them into consideration on the 27th instant.

Mr Drake said, he was directed by the Committee appointed to try the Westminster election, to move the House to grant leave to the Committee to adjourn from Thursday to Tuesday next, to which adjournment both parties had assented; and declared that it would not be attended with any additional expense.

Mr Vyner said, he did not rise to make any objection to the adjournment, but he wished to know how far it was in the power of the House to grant such leave.

The Speaker said Mr Grenville's bill did express-

ly authorise the House to grant leave to adjourn; and in that particular point the last act made no alteration.

The motion was then put and carried.

The order of the day was read, for committing the bill for discontinuing part of the port dues at Shoreham, on which the House divided,

Noes — 50

Ayes — 0

The bill for improving the harbour at Shoreham was then postponed by agreement, for six months.—Both bills are consequently set aside for the present.

Lord Newhaven moved, that the papers respecting the revenue, which have from time to time been laid on the table on motions of his be printed.

Mr Rose said, if the noble Lord would point out any useful purpose which the printing of such voluminous accounts could answer, he would agree to the motion, if not, he must object to it on account of the expence.

Lord Newhaven said, the accounts were such as that the country ought to be fully acquainted with. But as no Member rose to second the motion for printing them, it is of course left to the ground.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer delivered a message from his Majesty, the same in substance as that delivered by Lord Salisbury in the House of Lords.

It was then voted, that thanks be returned to his Majesty for his most gracious message.

That the House do attend His Majesty to St Paul's Church on the 23d of April.

That a Committee be appointed to consider of proper regulations for the going of the House to St Paul's, and accommodations there.

The Committee to consist of

Lord Mornington, Mr Hobart,  
Lord Welsford, Sir H. Houghton,  
The Comptroller of the Household, Mr Stanhope.

The order of the day was then read for the second reading of the bill for incorporating the Westminster Amicable Assurance Office, and counsel were heard for and against it.

The counsel being withdrawn, the question was put, when

Mr Hulley rose in opposition to the bill, considering that the New Company of Insurance were not made sufficiently responsible by the bill, than private fortunes not being made answerable to all demands.

Mr Burton considered the bill in many respects objectionable, but wished it to go to a Committee where it might undergo the necessary alteration.

Mr Stanhope approved of the principle of the bill; he at the same time wished it might be committed that certain objectionable clauses might be obviated.

Sir Henry Houghton was of the same opinion, wishing the bill to be committed, when a clause could be brought forward to make the Insurance answerable to all demands.

Mr Hulley again spoke, and moved the consideration of the bill to be postponed to this day fortnight.

Mr Pultney was of opinion, that the bill required amendment, and for that purpose wished it to be committed.

Mr Hulley altered his motion of adjourning the debate to the 28th inst.

The question thereon being put, it was agreed to. Adjourned to Monday the 20th inst.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Copenhagen, March 17. Every thing is preparing here for a second campaign. The Danish and Norwegian regiments of guards, and King's guards, are ordered to be ready to march by to-morrow.—The sabres of the cavalry, which had blades with two edges, have now got blades with a thick back and one edge. The horse guards have already received their campaign uniform, and twenty sail of ships of war are fit for sea, which will require 11,000 sailors; they are very busy in the docks, yards equipping more.

The citizens of this place, who only exercised with small arms, now exercise with cannon, which are furnished from the arsenal; and those citizens who act as gunners, and instruct themselves in the use of the artillery, enjoy each in his profession the liberty of working as masters though they have not acquired the freedom of their company.

Copenhagen, March 24. The treason-meditated by the Swedish gentleman, named Benzearstier, and his accomplice O'Brien, who were yesterday examined for the first time, is not the only danger with which we were threatened. Three other persons have been taken into custody, on suspicion of a design of setting fire to the city in three different places. In several houses, and other buildings, combustible matters have been found. Our fleet is equipping with redoubled activity, and will be in the road as soon as the danger from the ice has ceased.

It is here strongly reported, that a body of Russian troops will soon arrive here, being appointed to make a descent upon Scania. Time will prove whether this rumour is founded in truth.

Hamburg March 30. Mr Elliot, his Britannic Majesty's Ambassador to the Court of Denmark, set out hence yesterday for Copenhagen.

Lower Rhine, March 27. Letters from Berlin, dated the 21st inst. mention, that the King is preparing his camp equipages, and that the Marshall of the Court, and Grand Esquerry, have received orders for that purpose. His Majesty's mules likewise are actually exercising, to carry heavy burdens.

L O N D O N.—April 10.

His Majesty on Wednesday purchased eight saddle horses. It is said he means to increase them to twenty-five, which he takes with him this summer to Germany, provided he remains in the same opinion which he now entertains.

In consequence of the King suddenly changing

his mind, and coming to Kew, to purchase four horses, the Council which was to have been held on Wednesday at Windsor Lodge, was, by order of his Majesty, put off; on which account a Council was held at the Duke of Leeds's office, Whitehall, which was attended by the great Officers of State. At half past three o'clock the Council broke up, when they returned to their respective Houses of Parliament.

It is finally fixed, that his Majesty is to go in procession to the Cathedral of St Paul on the 23d instant, accompanied by the Queen and the rest of the Royal Family, and attended by the Houses of Lords and Commons, and all the Officers of State, directly through the Strand, Temple Bar, Fleet Street, Ludgate Hill, and Ludgate Street. All the avenues to Temple Bar will be guarded with the Blues or Horse Guards, and from Temple Bar to St Paul's, by the Artillery Company of the city of London. The Bishop of London will preach the sermon. The throne upon which Queen Anne sat when she visited St Paul's will not be used, a new one having been ordered to be made against the 23d instant. The Lord Chancellor and the Speaker are to be seated directly facing each other on opposite sides of the choir.

It was his Majesty's wish to go unrobed to the Cathedral, and robe himself there, and that the Peers should do the same; but there has not as yet been a convenient part of the Cathedral fixed on for a robing-room.

Yesterday, the workmen belonging to the Board of Works began to erect the necessary scaffoldings in St Paul's Cathedral.

The Queen's Palace will, we understand, display transparencies and other illuminations on the 23d instant, in a style of splendour and magnificence scarcely ever exhibited in this country.

Much care and judgment are necessary to regulate the procession, to prevent accidents; and, it is hoped this will be timely attended to. Let it be remembered, that a public rejoicing at Paris, May the 21st, 1770, cost the lives of near fifteen hundred persons, who were trampled to death in one street. See Mercier's Tableau de Paris.

Wednesday morning, their Majesties and the Princesses Royal, Augusta, and Elisabeth, came from the Queen's Lodge, Windsor, to Kew; and, after taking a view of the gardens, dined at the Palace, and in the evening returned with their attendants to Windsor.

The Sheriffs, attended by the City Remembrancer, went from Guildhall, at nine o'clock yesterday morning, to Windsor, to know his Majesty's pleasure when he would receive the address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the city of London in Common Hall assembled.

Wednesday morning, came on the ballot for six Directors of the East India Company, in the room of those who go out annually by rotation. About a quarter after eleven o'clock in the evening, the scrutineers declared the numbers to be for

Francis Baring, Esq;	1043
John Manthip, Esq;	990
Hugh Ingles, Esq;	922
William Money, Esq;	886
Paul le Mœur, Esq;	872
Sir Benjamin Hammett,	599
Stephen Williams, Esq;	570
John Motte, Esq;	541

The first six gentlemen were of course declared duly elected.

The proprietors who balloted yesterday were 1252, a greater number than was ever known upon any former occasion.

The balloting room was so crowded about one o'clock, that a glass was removed into the Sale-room, which had been previously adjourned for the accommodation of the proprietors.

Tuesday last, came on the election of a Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England for the year ensuing, when Mark Weyland, Esq; was chosen Governor, and Samuel Bofanquet, Esq; deputy Governor; and Wednesday came on the election of twenty-four Directors, when the following Gentlemen were chosen:

S. Beachcroft, Esq;	R. Neave, Esq;
T. Boddington, Esq;	Jof. Nutt, Esq;
C. Clay, Esq;	I. Osborne, Esq;
B. Conoy, Esq;	E. Payne, Esq;
W. Cooke, Esq;	G. Peters, Esq;
E. Darell, Esq;	C. Puller, Esq;
T. Dens, Esq;	T. Raikes, Esq;
W. Ewer, Esq;	G. Thornton, Esq;
D. Giles, Esq;	S. Thornton, Esq;
J. Harrison, Esq;	J. Whitmore, jun. Esq;
T. S. Jackson, Esq;	B. Winthrop, Esq;
Job Matthew, Esq;	M. Yeldham, Esq;

The following is a state of the ballot:  
For the Directors, or Hon. List, 406  
For Mr Alderman Pickett's List, 119

Majority for the Directors, 287

David Latouche, and Theophilus Thomson, Esqrs. are elected Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of Ireland for the year ensuing.

The squadron for the Newfoundland station, the ensuing summer is, the Salisbury of 50 guns, Vice-Admiral Milbank, and Capt. D. Knox; Pegasus of 32 guns, Capt. H. Sawyer; Rose of 28 guns, Capt. J. Waller; Nautilus of 16 guns, J. Trigge; and Echo of 16 guns, J. Drew.

Admiral Affleck takes out with him to Jamaica, the Centurion 50 guns, Blanche and Blonde frigates, and Thorn sloop. The Europa of 50 guns, Expedition and Amphion frigates come home with Commodore Gardner.

The total ordinary of the navy, as made up to the first instant, and laid before the Admiralty Board is:

Ships of the line,	128
Fifties,	9
Frigates,	97
Sloops of every denomination,	39

A meeting was held yesterday at noon, at the London Tavern, of the merchants, and others concerned in the West India islands, and the trade thereof, on account of the proposed regulations in respect to the African Slave Trade, against the to-

A discovery of a most alarming nature was this week made at Dover, far surpassing the Hastings gang business, for which several were executed a few years since at Execution-dock. It was discovered by the apprehension of Edgely their captain, and Brett and Dixon accomplices, for stealing a whole wash of wet linen; one of them has turned evidence, and discovered the whole of this horrid scene, in which piracy and murder, were actually reduced to a system.

About three months since, a body was found floating on the beach at Dover; it was taken out, and, though in a putrid state, evidently appeared to have been lately thrown in; some marks of violence appeared on the breast, and the Coroner's Inquest brought in their verdict wilful murder, against persons unknown; the whole of this murder, with many others, are amongst the discoveries; when the body was found, the ruff of the shirt had not been under water, and was quite stiff, as when first starched, which proved that the body had not been immersed. Brett declared, that he had had the body in his house above ten days, till he could keep it no longer.

Another declaration was made, that one night when they went out to a ship, in the characters of hovel men, to give assistance, the ship's crew were too numerous, and one of the gang was knocked overboard and drowned; the gang consists of twenty, several of whom lived in apparently respectable situations. The discovery of persons buying the property plundered by them along the coast, included near a hundred, and actually reached as far as the Land's-end.

With this dreadful business they were not content, for they have discovered a coinage they had at Birmingham for counterfeit dollars, which they used to take on board foreign ships in the Downs, and purchased property to an amount beyond comprehension.

An account of their piracies is sent up to the Admiralty; the Magistrates at Dover are at a loss how to act in the affair, such a number of persons of good credit along the coast seemed to be involved; but we hope innocently! Some of the magistrates of Bow-street are to go down, we hear, to investigate the business, which has been of some years standing.

Edgely the captain, lived in an elegant style at Dover, kept his phaeton, and the best company; his daughter, who is to be pitied, was brought up in every accomplishment, attended all the public assemblies, and in fashions was not exceeded by the first ladies in the town.

In bringing passengers on shore, they were sure, of late, to take away some part of the baggage; this Hervey, master of the ship, knows, who was obliged to pay 70*l.* for the loss of a gentleman's trunk, &c. &c. which he assured him was safe.

The remaining particulars of this extraordinary affair we shall be solicitous to unravel.

Benzelsterna, the conspirator, who attempted to burn the Danish fleet, remains still in close confinement. Prior to his surrender, he endeavoured to make his escape, but was discovered. His trial is already begun, and the Count Von der Osten, Minister of State, presides at it. He will have every fairness shewn him, and the process is in a public court of justice.

Benzelsterna proves to be a Swedish Baron, and a Lieutenant Colonel in the service.

As soon as he heard of the seizure of Captain O'Brien, he fled to the hotel of Count D'Albedeyl. He was, however, soon discovered, and the mob became the more irritated, when they found he was protected by the Minister. On finding himself pursued, he escaped to the house of another Minister, and assumed the appearance of one of his servants, by putting himself in livery. A chaise was then ordered, into which his Secretary got; and Benzelslera mounted behind as footman. It drove off some little distance; when the Police finding that he had escaped from Baron D'Albedeyl's, no longer doubted but that this servant in livery was the man they were after; they accordingly stopped the chaise, when the conspirator fled from behind to the Minister's house, and soon after surrendered himself.

*AN INTERESTING ANECDOTE.*

Lord Rodney dining some months ago at Carlton House, congratulated the Prince of Wales on seeing a plate of British-cured herrings at table.—“Your Royal Highness,” said the noble veteran, “does infinite good to the British Navy in encouraging this example of English luxury: every table will follow the fashion, and if the number of fashionable tables in the nation is considered, the result may be in time an addition of 20,000 of the hardiest seamen raised and employed in that branch of fishery, which has raised Holland to her maritime force.”

“My Lord,” replied the Prince, “you do me more justice than I deserve; these herrings, I am sorry to say, were not cured by British hands. I understand your reasoning: it is just. It is that of Lord Rodney upon his own element. Henceforward I shall order a plate of British-cured herrings to be purchased at any expence, and to appear a standing dish at this table—we shall call it a Rodney. Under that designation, what true patriot will not follow my example?”

The above anecdote was related at the last meeting of the Directors, &c. for the British Fisheries at the London Tavern; and it was resolved to support an example of such illustrious patronage, and such respectable recommendation. From such causes often are sown the first seeds of great events. It is well known, that when the first herrings of the season are brought from the North Seas to Holland, it is the etiquette, or even law of that country, to awaken the Prince of Orange, should he be asleep at the time, in order to announce to him the news. The first herrings that are brought to Holland in the season, are sold at an enormous price; they are sent as presents to the Princes of Germany, in small parcels. And even to this day, there are a few dozen sent, as an important donation from the Dutch to our East India Company. Such is the respect paid by our wiser neighbours to this branch of their national wealth.

As the doctrines of Emanuel Swedenborg have been recently embraced in this country, as well as in France and upon the Continent, by many respectable persons as well as great numbers of an inferior class, the following sketch of the life of a nobleman of so singular a turn of mind as their author may not be unamusing to the curious.—This person, born in 1688, was the son of a Swedish dignitary, and related to some of the most illustrious families in that kingdom. His studies were so various in his youth, and his acquisitions in the mathematics, natural history, physic, chemistry, anatomy, and finally theology, so rapid, that they soon recommended him to the patronage of Charles XII, who made him extraordinary assessor to the Royal College of the Mines, &c. It is remarkable, that his first publication in 1710 was a collection of poems in Latin verse; which, though denoting a singular vivacity of mind, was not his object, as after writing voluminously upon the science of metallurgy, &c. and making at least eight voyages into England and Holland, he finally settled in theology. From the latter, as he professed to have frequent conversation with angels and souls departed, it seems he soon attracted the notice of all ranks; and though he had many powerful enemies, it did not hinder him from being raised by the Queen of Sweden to the highest order of nobles, as it was not denied at Stockholm that he had mentioned to the Queen the contents of a private letter she had sent to the King of Prussia, and from supernatural intelligence discovered a writing made by a deceased person, which prevented a litigation from a false demand made by a person living from the widow of the deceased, &c. However he underwent the fate of most that attempted to alter an established religion. He suffered the enmity of the clergy, whom it is supposed hired a pectoral to assassinate him, but was discovered and prevented by his dropping a dagger from under his cloak at the door of the house where Swedenborg then was, who never offered to recriminate: He mostly resided, when in London, at a house in Coldhathfields, and as he was never married, kept but two servants. The celebrated Dr Hartley translated some of his first theological works into English; and, after corresponding, &c. with some of the first characters in Europe, died in London in 1772, at the advanced age of 85 years.

*WIND AT DEAL.* April 9. N. E.  
No business done this day upon Change.

### EDINBURGH.

Mrs Jean Erskine, daughter to the late John Erskine of Sheffield, died upon the 5th instant.

Upon the 6th instant, died at Cluny, Mrs Helen Grant, relief of the deceased James Grant of Cluny, Esq.

Yesterday, being Easter Sunday, the prisoners in the tolbooth had their annual hot substantial dinner sent to them by a dignified clergyman of the Episcopal Church of Scotland. Each prisoner was allowed, besides a penny brick of bread, a bottle of small beer and a pint of wine.

Upon the 6th instant, the Magistrates, Council, and other Gentlemen of the burgh of Stranraer, with the officers of part of the 39th regiment quartered there, and the officers of the ships of war on the station, met at the George Tavern, to testify their joy on the happy restoration of his Majesty's health.

The evening was spent in the utmost harmony and conviviality. “The King's Health,” and “A Long and Happy Reign,” and many other loyal and patriotic toasts were given, accompanied with ringing of bells, and repeated discharges of musketry from four companies of the 39th regiment, drawn up in front of the Tavern. The town was illuminated in a most brilliant manner; and a general joy appeared upon every countenance.

*Extract of a letter from Rowdill, in Harris.*  
March 19. 1789.

Yesterdays a numerous and genteel company of ladies and gentlemen met in this place, to felicitate themselves on having received from Edinburgh, favourable accounts of their worthy and patriotic landlord, Captain McLeod of Harris, whose health had been impaired in consequence of his unremitting attention to the works carrying on here, and his indefatigable exertions to promote a spirit of industry and improvement among the inhabitants of this country. The common people testified their joy on this occasion, by setting up bonfires on the neighbouring hills; colours were displayed from the vessels in the harbour, and the evening was closed with a ball.”

*Extract of a letter from Newcastle, April 11.*

“The fall of snow on Thursday and yesterday evening, seems to have been general, as we learn from many parts of the adjacent country, that it lay upwards of a foot deep, and in the north and west parts of Northumberland was considerably deeper; on Monday the frost subsided, and since that the weather has continued serene, mild, and pleasant.

“The gale of wind which came on from the E. N. E. on Thursday evening, was uncommonly violent at sea, several vessels being driven on shore, and others which have reached harbours, are much damaged. Five vessels were aground near Hartlepool: the Vine, Wright, and the Mary Ann, Greenwell, are got off and arrived in port; the valuable cargo of the latter, one of the trading vessels between London and this port, is very much damaged: The John, of London, on Dalton Sands, is gone to pieces, the materials saved: The Brothers Love, Shrewsbury, is on shore near Burlington, with little hopes of being got off: the brig Martha, Hadley, belonging to Lynn, was on shore near Sunderland, but is got off, and on Wednesday put into Sunderland harbour to repair; providentially the lives of all the various crews were saved. The John and Esther, of Great Yarmouth, Captain John Long, went on shore near Whitby: the crew were saved, but the ship, it was thought, would go to pieces. The Dove of Weymouth, the Hope of North Sea-ton, and the Hannah, Milburn, were drove on shore at the same place as the Vine and Mary Ann, but are since got off without having received any material damage.

Four other vessels, put on shore a little to the Southward, were not got off when the last accounts came away. The Hannah, Milburn, is yet in Hartlepool.

Sunday, the James, belonging to this port, in going out of the harbour, laden with coals, struck upon the bar, but got off next tide without material damage.

The Jane, Brown, a light collier, is drove about two miles to the eastward of Neas Point.

Thursday, John Smith, one of the rioters concerned in the late outrages at the collieries, was taken and lodged in Newgate.

On the night of the 1st instant, the shop of Miss Liddell, milliner, in Carlisle, was broken into, and various articles of millinery and linendrapery goods, to the value of 300 guineas, stolen therefrom.

*Extract of a letter from Haddington, April 10.*

“We have at last got fine weather, and the feed time is now going on briskly in this county.”

### SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

Elgin, March 28.

Since our last of the 24th, we have had a continued hard frost, without either wind or current, so that the Sound is entirely shut from shore to shore. This morning six sledges arrived, with two horses each, from Sweden, and about mid-day set off again with such necessaries as they had occasion for. By last advices from Alnburgh, in Norway, the sea was full of ice as far as could be seen from the highest hills.

### WOOD AND HOWDEN.

*FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.*  
*To the worthy Gentleman who has proposed to patronize a Professor of AGRICULTURE.*

SIR,  
THOUGH I have not the honour of being acquainted with you, yet I must beg leave to tell you, that I have had great pleasure in reading your proposal for a Professor of Agriculture. The salary which you have appointed for him is very handsome. Let me, however, entreat you to give him one half of it only in money, and the other half in possessing a little arable farm, which may frequently be bought two or three miles only from Edinburgh. It is evident that this method would not only enable him to increase his salary 40 per cent, without putting you to any more expence; but it would likewise allow him to make experiments, by which, it might be naturally expected, he would teach by his practice as well as by his lectures.

I hope the inhabitants of this kingdom will soon have great reason to rejoice at your laudable institution, and that every judicious Briton will cheerfully unite in erecting you a statue that shall carry your name to distant ages. For although agriculture has already come to great perfection within these hundred years, yet there is still great room for improvements.

I shall only just now mention the present mode of cutting down and threshing oats. As well known that their operations still occasion great expence, and so much heavy labour, that they yearly destroy a great number of our most stout and hardy inhabitants, many of whom might be advantageously employed at other professions. But it now gives me great pleasure to think, that the time is not far distant, when these, and many other heavy works about agriculture, will be done much easier and better than ever they have yet been performed.—Wishing you the greatest prosperity, I am, Sir,

Your very humble servant,

Tyne Banks, March 6.

A. S.

*MEMBER for the ensuing GENERAL ASSEMBLY.*

University of Edinburgh.—Rev. Dr. Thomas Hardy, Professor of Church History.

*Thermometer and Barometer since our last:*

		THER.	BAR.
Saturday,	April 11. 8 P. M.	38	29.49
Sunday,	12. 8 A. M.	36	29.50
	8 P. M.	40	29.60
Monday,	13. 8 A. M.	37	29.70

*PRICES OF GRAIN AT HALIFAX, April 10.*

	Fifl.	Second.	Third.
Wheat,	15s. 3d.	24s. 2d.	22s. 6d.
Barley,	15. 9.	14. 6.	13. 4.
Oats,	10. 9.	9. 6.	8. 6.
Pase,	9. 6.	8. 4.	7. 8.
Bans,	10. 6.	9. 6.	8. 4.
Tarts,	10. 6.	0. 0.	0. 0.

*ORKNEY SHIPPING.*

Sailed from Dearland Harbour, March 25. Eliza, Petie, from Rotterdam for Newry, all well.

Sailed from Stromness, Lady Eliza, Norey, and from Carron, for Loughney, in ballast.

Martha of and from Wick. Millar, for Leith, beef. Mill of Peterhead, Badie, from Loughney for Leith, with kegs.

Achias and from Saltcoats, Wylie, for Gottenburgh.

R. M. and for Ulverston, Ashton, from Hull, wood.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK, April 8. Neptune, Cambridge, from Cadiz, salt.

Mary, Angus, from Lairm, limestone.

Bell, McKinny, from Elizal, flates.

Peggy, Bog, from Dumfries, meal.

Pilot Cutter, Capt. Hill from a cruise.

SAILED,

9. Swift, Smith, for Isambard.

Prince William, Henry Cottier, Capt. Hamilton.

Princes Anne, Haig, from St. David's, coals.

Kaimes, Primrose, from Langness, stones.

James Robertson, from Elly, goods.

Peggy, Blackwood, from Dunbar, grain.

Jean, Barr, from St. Andrew's, ditto.

Gilladen, McFatten, from Inverness, goods and grain.

Amora, Anderson, from Dundee, flates.

Peggy, Clark, from Dundee, goods and grain.

Five sloops with coals.

SAILED,

Adventure, Wishart, for Memel, ballast.

Six Brothers, Stewart, for ditto, ditto.

Diana, Campbell, for London, goods.

Diligence, Butler, for ditto, ditto.

Peggy, Miller, for Fort William ditto.

Elizabeth, Neilson, for Shetland, ditto.

Five sloops with coals.

SAILED,

Adventure, Wishart, for Memel, ballast.

Six Brothers, Stewart, for ditto, ditto.

Diana, Campbell, for London, goods.

Diligence, Butler, for ditto, ditto.

Peggy, Miller, for Fort William ditto.

Elizabeth, Neilson, for Shetland, ditto.

**A HOUSE AND FARM IN THE COUNTY OF FIFE.**  
To be let for thirteen years from Martinmas next,  
**THE MANSION HOUSE, GARDEN, AND**  
Offices of NEWBIGGING, with the adjacent inclosures, as presently possessed by Captain David Boog. Newbigging is most beautifully situated about a mile north west of Burntisland. The house consists of nine rooms and a kitchen. The offices are suitable; and the gardens and inclosures consist of about 50 acres. Captain Boog will show the premises; and offers may be lodged with William Lambsdale, clerk to the signet; and such offers as are not accepted of shall be concealed, if desired.

#### HOUSE AND GROUND

AT LAURESTON.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 13th day of April 1789, at one o'clock afternoon,  
**THE DWELLING-HOUSE AND OFFICE-HOUSES AT LAURESTON,** which belonged to the late James Balmoor Esq; having a pleasant south exposure, of easy access, and in good repair.

The house consists of a dining room, 19*1* by 16*1*, a handsome drawing room, 25 feet by 16, parlour, six bed chambers with light closets, kitchen, scullery, servants room, garrets, cellars, with catacombs, and other conveniences.

The office-houses consist of a stable with three stalls, bay-loft, washing house, coal house, larder, and milk house.

There is a garden and field adjoining to the house, and an excellent pump well on the premises.

The subjects hold of the Town of Edinburgh, for payment of one shilling Sterling yearly, and may be entered to at Whitsunday first, or sooner, as shall be agreed on.

The upset price to be 100*1*. Sterling.—The articles of soup and progress of warts are to be seen in the hands of Mr. Erskine, clerk to the signet, to whom, or to Mr. Pearson, Excise Office, any person wishing to make a private bargain, or to know further particulars, may apply.

#### GOAT-WHEY OR SHOOTING QUARTERS

And a Highland Farm to Let.

To be LET for one or more years, furnished or unfurnished, and may be entered to immediately.

The HOUSE OF DALHONZIE, with Offices, Gardens, and about ten acres of ground, the property of the late General Skeene, lying in the parish of Comrie and three of Perths. The house, which is within eight miles of Crieff, a post-town, is commodious, consisting of seven fire-rooms, besides kitchen, servants apartments, &c. The offices are complete, and the gardens are laid out with taste, and well stocked with fruit trees. The situation of the whole, near the loch and river Earn, is known to be beautifully romantic.

Also to be LET for a term of years, the FARM and GRAZING OF DALHONZIE. The arable lands of this farm, which are in excellent order, and consist of about forty acres, are all (except a few acres) inclosed with stone-dykes, in good repair, and subdivided with hedges, which are remarkably thriving. The hill belonging to the farm is of great extent, and supposed to be sufficient to maintain about four hundred sheep. The entry to the hill and grass ground may be at Whitsunday next, and to the grounds to be under tillage for the ensuing crop, at the separation of the crop from the ground.

Offers in writing for the house and the ten acres, and for the farm separately, or for both together, may be given in to James Thomson writer to the signet, Edinburgh, between and the 1st May; and such offers as are not accepted of will be concealed, if desired. As there is at present a flock of sheep on the hill, those who wish to have it along with the farm, will please express in their offers how much they will give for the whole.

John Tred, overseer at Dalhonzie, will show the grounds.

#### SALE OF CANONMILL HOUSE,

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 14th day of

**THE DWELLING-HOUSE OF CANONMILLS,** with the Parks, Garden, and Policy surrounding the same, presently possessed by James Haig, purchased by him from the trustees of James McDowell of Canonmills. And also, the Houses and Yards, lying to the west of the Canonmills, formerly occupied as an Ale Brewery, but now converted into a rectifying-house, together with several other houses and buildings, and the whole utensils of trade in the said rectifying house.

The subjects consist of about five acres of ground, and the dwelling-house is beautifully situated on an eminence, commanding a most delightful prospect of the Frith of Forth, New Town of Edinburgh, and the adjoining country.

The subjects are now to be exposed at the reduced upset price of 100*1*. Sterling; and if not sold, they will be let for a year from Whitsunday next.

For further particulars, intending offerors may apply to David Stewart banker in Edinburgh, and George Leslie merchant there, trustees on the sequestrated estate of the said James Haig and Company, or to John Taylor writer to the signet.

#### SALE OF KENNTPANS DISTILLERY.

To be SOLD by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 15th April 1789, at one o'clock afternoon,

**THE WELL KNOWN DISTILLERY OF KENNTPANS,** including the distillery utensils, with the dwelling-house, offices, malting, and whole other buildings and grounds connected therewith. All lying in the parish and county of Clackmannan.

The situation of this distillery is truly eligible, being on the banks of the river Forth, with the advantage of a commodious harbour close adjoining. The work and offices are all in excellent order, and there are on the premises a complete steam engine, with two other mills for grinding grain. There is likewise abundance of coal, wood, lime-stone, and free-stone, in the neighbourhood, which, with many other local advantages, render the whole a most desirable purchase.

For further particulars, apply to James Craig, merchant in Edinburgh; or to Robert Boswell, writer to the signet.

#### SALE OF KILBAGIE DISTILLERY.

(At the Reduced Upset Price of 600*1*. Sterling.) To be SOLD by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 22d day of April 1789, at six o'clock afternoon,

**THE DISTILLERY OF KILBAGIE,** including the Distillery Utensils, with the Dwelling-house, Offices, and Grounds, &c. connected therewith, situated in the county of Clackmannan, and within a mile of the river Forth, (to which there is access by a navigable canal) and in the heart of a rich and populous country.

The Distillery is plentifully supplied with water, and there is great plenty of coal, wood, limestone, and freestone in the immediate neighbourhood. In point of magnitude, solidity, and convenience, it exceeds any thing of the kind in Great Britain; and besides Mills for threshing of corn and grinding all sorts of grain, there are included in it a most complete Malting, and houses for feeding, slaughering, and curing of cattle, hogs, &c.—The whole fitted up in a style superior to any idea that can be conveyed by an advertisement.

The House and Office are built in a most substantial and elegant manner. The apartments are spacious, numerous, and commodious, fit for the accommodation of a large family.

The above premises comprehend two large Gardens, well stocked with fruit trees of the best kinds, and about thirty acres of Land, most of it a rich kersie ground.

For further particulars apply to David Stewart, banker in Edinburgh, or Robert Boswell, writer to the signet.

**E D I N B U R G H :** Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and sold at his Printing-House in the Old Fish-Market Close, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in. This Paper is regularly published every Monday, Thursday, and Saturday.—Price of a single Paper 3*d*.—1*l*. 17*s*. 6*d*. yearly when called for.—2*l*. 8*s*. 6*d*. delivered in Town—and 2*l*. 6*s*. 6*d*. sent by Post.

#### ROAD MEETING, AND ROUP OF TOLLS.

IN SELKIRK-SHIRE.

**T**HE Trustees upon the roads in Selkirkshire, are desired to meet in the house of the late Mrs Henderson, in Selkirk, upon Thursday the 29th April next, when the tolls payable at the bars of Croftside and Selkirk, on the great road, from Edinburgh to Carlisle, and these payable at the bar of Holmick, on the road from Kelso to Peebles, will be let for one year after Whitsunday next.

The conditions of roup may be seen in the hands of John Lang Sheriff clerk of Selkirkshire, Clerk to the Trustees.

#### SALE OF LOCHRIN DISTILLERY,

IN A. S. 9.

NOTICE to the CREDITORS of JOHN HAIG, To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 23d day of April 1789.

**THE DISTILLERY OF LOCHRIN,** lately belonging to and possessed by John Haig, distiller, and the whole Shakes, Cellars, Granaries, and Lofts, pertaining thereto; with the whole utensils of trade therein; and also an adjoining Park, consisting of eight Scots acres of ground or thereabout.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Taylor, writer to the signet.

The Creditors of the said John Haig, are hereby requested to attend a general meeting, to be held within the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 16th day of April 1789, to consider the propriety of lowering the upset price of the foreaid subjects, and other matters regarding the bankrupt estate.

#### PRINTING GROUND FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 16th day of April next, at twelve o'clock mid-day, in the house of Thomas Durie, writer in Glasgow.

**THE PRINTFIELD OF DALQUHURN,** on the water of Leven, near Dumbarton, consisting of 20 acres or thereabout, with the whole Houses and Buildings erected thereon; also complete Machinery and Utensils every way adapted for carrying on an extensive business.

And on the following day, there will be also exposed to sale by public roup, at the same place and hour, the Whole Stock of WHITE CLOTH prepared for printing, belonging to the Company, together with some dying and printing flasks at the field.

This manufactory is delightfully situated on the banks of the Leven, and within two miles of the town of Dumbarton, from whence any number of pencils and other work people can be procured. The premises are completely surrounded by the river, and by a canal 18 feet wide at bottom, cut from the river, which admits water sufficient to drive two large wheels; these work three pair of wash stocks, a calender, an alum and an indigo mill, with a machine for polishing copperplates; also two large pumps which supply the wash stocks, together with four boilers and fouring coves.

The stations for clearing the cloth, either in the course of bleaching or printing are all under cover.

The copper house is extremely convenient, and contains 8 copper, with their furniture complete, for present use; these are supplied with water from two lead pumps within the house.

There is a most complete and convenient set of houses furnished, with all the necessary apparatus for carrying on to a considerable extent, the CHINA BLUE, and also the BLUE PASTE branches, having 15 vats and other vessels erected for that purpose, most of which are lined with lead.

There are three copperplate shops, with 7 presses standing (three of which are complete for immediate work) also a grounding machine, with a colour copperplate press ready for putting up; having three excellent metal bowls.

The Printing shop contain 30 tables, (mostly mahogany) with the requisite furniture all complete.

The pencil shop, with tables, will hold 200 pencils, and the different apartments are furnished with stoves.

There is a very large assortment of Copperplates, and also many of which are perfectly new, executed in the best manner, and adapted to turnings, garnitures, and Shawls, of all sizes and colours.

A breast work is erected on the premises, where boats can, with the greatest facility, load and unload every article necessary for the business; and there is a very pleasant and commodious dwelling-house for the accommodation of the manager which overlooks the whole works.

In addition to the manifold advantages above enumerated, the ground will admit of further erections, and a powerful fall of water might be obtained, by making a new cut, of not more than about 60 yards in length.

Inventories and conditions of sale to be seen by applying to Thomas Carnie at the field; or at the warehouse of Brown, Macalpine, and Company in Glasgow.

The progress of writings of the field, and articles of roup thereof, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas and Robert Graham, writers in Glasgow.

Glasgow, March 2. 1789.

Peremptorily to be SOLD on Wednesday the 27th of May 1789, at two o'clock afternoon, within the Post-office Tavern, Glasgow.

**THE HOUSE AND PARKS OF BARDOWIE,** with the fishing and property of the Loch of Bardowie.—The Lands of BARNFIELD-LAND and LONGLEA.—Also, the Lands of FUCHTERAN and FLUCHTER-MILL, with the tithes, great and small, all lying contiguous in the parishes of Baldernoch, and Strath of Stirling, about six miles distant from Glasgow, mostly inclosed and subdivided. There is plenty of coal in these lands, and a great quantity of full-grown wood and plantations of young trees on the estate. The Loch abounds with fish, and covers about sixty acres of ground.

Any person wanting to purchase all or any part of these lands, by private agreement, before the day fixed for sale, will please apply to Richard Allan of Bardowie.

If any person purchase the whole, two thousand pounds of the money may remain in his hands, upon giving sufficient security.

The rent of the whole lands, exclusive of the lime and coal, which is not rented, is 24*l*. 1*s*. 1*d*. scot. There are two farms of lime-fourths thick each, and the coal between the two farms is also lime-fourths thick; a considerable part of them can be wrought level free, and more can be easily made of them than the whole rent of the lands. If the lands are not sold altogether, they will be set up in such lots as purchasers incline.

The purchasers will have access to the possession of the Mansion house, offices, gardens, and grats, immediately after the day of sale.

#### LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD by public roup, (as formerly advertised,) within John's Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 20th August next, at six o'clock afternoon.

**THE ESTATE OF WESTER SOFTLAW,** in the parish of Kelso, and shire of Roxburgh. It is also completely inclosed, and in the best state of cultivation, with a number of thriving plantations.

The mansion house, offices, and other houses upon the estate, are all in good repair, having been mostly built within these eight years.

The estate being in the natural possession of the proprietor, except a small part on a ten years lease, which the tenant is willing to give up, the purchaser may enter to the whole at Whitsunday next.

If the purchaser inclines, he will be allowed to retain a considerable part of the price.

For further particulars, apply to the proprietor at Softlaw-House, Captain Kerr of Bughtrigg, Horse Wynd, Edinburgh, John Scott, writer to the signet, or Thomas Potts, writer in Kelso; to either of whom persons wishing to treat by private bargain may apply.

EDINBURGH : Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and sold at his Printing-House in the Old Fish-Market Close, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in. This Paper is regularly published every Monday, Thursday, and Saturday.—Price of a single Paper 3*d*.—1*l*. 17*s*. 6*d*. yearly when called for.—2*l*. 8*s*. 6*d*. delivered in Town—and 2*l*. 6*s*. 6*d*. sent by Post.

**N O T I C E .**

To the CREDITORS on the sequestrated estate of MAC-

FARLANE, ANDERSON, & COMPANY, late Mer-

chants in Glasgow.

**JAMES CAMPBELL**, tanner in Glasgow, trustee on the above estate, requires that the Creditors will immediately lodge with him affidavits to their debts, in so far as they have not already done it, so as a scheme of division may be made out of the funds received, and a dividend may take place accordingly.

#### A F E U

In the New Town of Edinburgh, to Sell.

**T**O be SOLD by public roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Friday the 24th day of April current, between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the evening.

SIXTY FEET in front of the Area, marked on the plan O. O. lying immediately to the east of the houses already built upon Queen's Street.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Charles Innes, writer to the signet, Prince's Street.

#### T O B E S O L D ,

**THE PRINCIPAL LOT OF THE BARONY OF BLACK-**

BURN, 1*m* miles west from Edinburgh, lying in the parish of Livingston and county of Linlithgow, the great road to Glasgow running through it.

This lot consists of near 500 acres Scots measure, has a good modern mansion house of sixteen fire rooms, a complete set of offices, and excellent farm houses for the tenants. The lands are inclosed and subdivided with hedges and stone dykes, and surrounded with belts of planting.—The hedges and plantations are very thriving, the lands are of a rich soil, and in high cultivation; lime and coal are now working in the adjoining lands.—The grounds are now working in the adjoining lands.—The grounds are part in tenancy and part in the proprietor's hand.—The rent about 1*l*. 4*s*. per annum. The lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a vote in the county. The term of payment of the foreaid subjects, and other matters regarding the bankrupt estate.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Taylor, writer to the signet.

The Creditors of the said John Haig, are hereby requested to attend a general meeting, to be held within the Royal Exchange Coffeeshouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 16th day of April 1789, to consider the propriety of lowering the upset price of the foreaid subjects, and other matters regarding the bankrupt estate.

**THE PRINTFIELD OF DALQUHURN,** on the water of Leven, near Dumbarton, consisting of 20 acres or thereabout, with the whole utensils of trade therein; and also an adjoining Park, consisting of eight Scots acres of ground or thereabout.

For further particulars, apply to the signet, Prince's Street.

#### J U D I C I A L S A L E O F L O D G E S I N L A N D S I N R O X B U R G H S H I R E ,

AND OF

The Heritable Office of his Majesty's Sole and Principal

Usher for Scotland.

To be exposed to Sale, by